Appendix A.

To

V. P. MADHAVA RAO, Esq., C.I.E,
Dewan of Mysore.

Sir,

I am desired by the Kolar Gold Field Mining Board to convey to you their grateful thanks for affording them another opportunity of sending a representative to this Assembly, and on their behalf I have the honor to submit the following questions for the kind consideration of your Government.

The Mysore Mines Regulation, 1906.—Whilst recognising the benefits conferred upon the Kolar Gold Mining Industry by the passing of the Mysore Mines Regulation, 1906, the Board would strongly urge Government to take immediate steps to extend its provisions to the Kolar Gold Field Railway which passes through the very heart of the Field, and under existing conditions, affords a sanctuary to thieves. The necessity for this extension has been forcibly borne in upon the Board by the failure of several expensive prosecutions of individuals found in possession of mine gold on Railway premises. The new Act makes it a matter of considerable difficulty for any one to be in possession of stolen mining property in the prescribed area, and to render the law absolutely effective, it is imperative that the one outlet (*viz.*, the local Railway) which is still available should come under the scope of the Act.

In view of the recent decision of the Chief Court of Mysore that copper wire used on the Gold Field for the transmission of electrical power cannot be considered as "Mining Material" within the meaning of the definition given in section 3 (6) of this Regulation, the Board respectfully requests that Government will be pleased to include all electrical fittings (including copper wire) in the definition referred to. Taking into consideration the increasing use of electrical power by the Mines and the consequent large stocks of fittings, etc., held by them, the Board is of the opinion that it is of the utmost importance that a notification to this effect should be issued with as little delay as possible.

Another matter which gives very serious concern is the facility with which "Undesirables" are at present able to evade the intention of the section relating to the warning off of unemployed persons of bad character from the Mining Camps. Under existing conditions an "Undesirable" who is warned off any one Mine can move on to another Mine and continue this procedure with impunity. As "Notices to quit" issued by the individual Mining Superintendents are therefore ineffectual in at once clearing "Undesirables" out of the mining area, I am to request that the Mining Board may be invested with power to issue notices which will be operative throughout the Field.

Confiscation of Stolen Mine Gold.—The Board is disappointed at the decision which has recently been conveyed to them with regard to the confiscation of stolen mine gold, and trust that their further representations on the subject will receive due consideration.

Government Hospital.—The Board regrets that the buildings for the accommodation of the Government Hospital staff, the provision of which you kindly promised on the occasion of the last Dasara, are still incomplete, and that, in consequence, the Hospital, the need of which grows greater day by day, remains unavailable to that large section of the community which has no claim upon the Mining Companies' medical establishment.

Maternity Hospital.—Notwithstanding the frequency with which the need of an institution of this nature has been brought to the notice of Government, the Field still remains unprovided for in this respect, and the Board urges that this very important matter be given early consideration.

Police Act.— The introduction of this Act, which has been under the consideration of Government for a long time, is anxiously awaited.

Cauvery Power Reservoir.—The Board trusts that their representation, made at the last Dasara, relative to the necessity for a storage reservoir to provide against emergencies in dry seasons, is still receiving the attention of Government, and that this work will be put in hand in the near future. It may be pointed out that stoppages of the supply of Electrical Power not only cause serious inconvenience to the Mining Companies, but also a certain loss of revenue to the State.

Epidemic Diseases.—The Board much regrets to have to draw your attention to the recent recrudescence of plague in and around the Field, and to the fact that out of 170 cases which have taken place between April 10th and August 26th of this year no less than 158 have occurred in the villages surrounding the Mines.

The precautions adopted by the Board in combating various epidemics within the crowded area of the Mines have been efficacious, and I am to suggest that the adoption of similar measures on the part of the Government Health and Sanitary Departments would have the effect of minimising infection from outside. The Mining companies expend annually about a lakh of rupees (exclusive of the cost of their Hospital and Medical Staff) in Sanitary and preventive measures, and this outlay is likely to be of little avail, and the disorganization of labour which invariably attends an outbreak of epidemic disease, with very serious inconvenience to the industry, will undoubtedly increase unless the sanitation of the villages in proximity to the Mines is improved.

The Board trusts that the contemplated appointment of a whole-time Health Officer and the increase of the Government Sanitary Staff, which should result in a material change for the better, will be effected at a very early date.

In the above connection I am requested to draw your attention to the urgent necessity for covering over the Government water storage reservoirs which are at present open to the reception of micro-organisms and consequently liable to disseminate disease.

Medical Expert Opinion in Government Mining Prosecutions.—The Board desires to bring to your notice that the Mining Companies' private medical officers are from time to time summoned to give evidence in Government prosecutions, and to suggest that, on such occasions when their expert opinion is absolutely necessary they are entitled to adequate remuneration.

Roads.—The Board observes with pleasure that the main Government road through the Field has been kept in fairly good state of repair during the past year, and the opening of the new Western Extension is very greatly appreciated. The Board trusts that the maintenance of these roads will continue to receive the necessary attention.

In conclusion we desire to congratulate His Highness the Maharaja and his Government on the very able report which has been prepared and presented by you, Sir, to this Assembly. It forcibly proves how very deeply and earnestly the interests of this State are studied and guided under your very able direction, thereby maintaining that high efficiency which has always characterised the work of His Highness' Government.

II.

To

THE DEWAN OF MYSORE.

October 1907.

Sir,

The North Mysore Planters' Association last year congratulated both the State and yourself on your appointment as Dewan, and while its members have noted with pleasure your unceasing activities and wide sympathies, they hope that the strain of strenuous work has only braced you up and left you as fit as ever to continue your exertions.

Roads.—This subject is likely to remain one for criticism and discussion for some time to come; but we are glad to note that one of our main arteries, the Kadur-Kotigahar road, has had an increased expenditure allowed, and promises to be more worthy of its duties in future. Only a portion of this extra expenditure appears to have been obtained by special grant, some other road contributing the balance; but it is something to have the principal road in the district in good order, as this promises to be. Representations made to the Department about other roads, however, are invariably met with the reply that funds are not available.

Forest Policy.—In this connection we have to make a further call on your sympathy and activity. No number of Conferences, no amount of discussion, no expressions of sympathy on your part seem to get us any nearer our goal, the reasonably rapid acquisition of plantable land.

We have to thank Government for a perceptible improvement in the direction of rapidity, but there is still room, for further improvement. What seems a short time to a Government appears interminable delay to the applicant; especially when in the end the land is not obtainable. Some few applications have been granted, and some partially granted; but on the whole, the obtaining of land is difficult or impossible beyond what seems to us to be reasonable.

The areas reserved by the Forest Department seem to cut us out everywhere; and that not only in the matter of Forest, but in that of grazing also. I have been asked by neighbouring villagers to bring to the notice of Government that around the Balalrayan Droog, for instance, the grazing has been practically nearly all taken into reserve, the boundary of the new reserve appears to be just where the real grazing begins, and the areas left unreserved are mostly composed of rock and scrub. They contend that the line of Forest, where existing, might have been followed, and the grass hills left to the cattle. In view of the encroachment of the scrub jungle on grazing lands in the Malnad generally, which fact Government does not appear to be aware of, the further curtailment of grazing areas by Forest reservations fills the minds of raiyats with despairing apprehension.

The situation is becoming strained; and we ask Government to reconsider their Forest policy, as it presses hardly on planters and raiyats alike.

Coffee is passing through evil times; though crops are as good as ever, prices are low; where 100 acres formerly afforded a living, 150 acres are now needed; the planter turns hopefully to new products, but finds the way barred; he either cannot acquire more land, or goes under while waiting for it.

In this connection too, Sir, must be considered the ruling to reserve 50 yards on each side of streams. Even in cases where no other objection is made, streams are found to exist and the applicant finds that when he has cut out the required 100 yards for each, he has narrow strips of land left, costing a fortune in fences and side drains, and affording an inappreciable and inconvenient area for cultivation.

There are several blocks of Forest, especially in the more hilly tracts, which are desired by neighbouring planters but to apply for them under the present rule would be useless, for they could only be bordered with cultivation, running as they do in ravines of no great width; and in those cases where the Forest Department does not intervene, this rule closes the door.

As this subject will come up for consideration in the Representative Assembly, I will not now take up your time by repeating my arguments of last year, or producing others to show that our methods of cultivation are not inimical to the preservation of rainfall; but I most earnestly request you, sir, to reopen this question, and to reconsider this most oppressive ruling, which bears so hardly on the cultivator in search of new aids to existence. Government has recently stated that the rule is a wholesome one, and must stand; but Government has not published its reasons and arguments, and we are not satisfied that it has got the facts correctly.

We do not know if it has thoroughly considered the difference in absorption of rainfall between cultivated and uncultivated lands; has gauged the difference in evaporation through the leaves from a garden as compared to that from a tangled jungle; or has any knowledge beyond that to be derived from brochures by Forest Officers of regions totally dissimilar to ours. We do not admit that the Forest Officer of a district, in which he has to deal with precipitous rocky hills and a scanty rainfall, can lay down rules to suit our different conditions; and while we do not ask Government to throw its rainfall to the winds, or to feed us while others starve, we do ask, most seriously and earnestly, that this subject be reconsidered, and that a commission be appointed to enquire into the question fully and *locally*, visiting all sorts of lands, cultivated, semi-cultivated, and virgin, and studying the problem *de novo*.

This commission might, at the same time, study the present policy of Forest reservations; for we are now at the mercy of the Forest Department on the one hand, and of this ruling on the other, and we are extremely dissatisfied with the net result.

Liquor shops.—We brought to the notice of Government last year the excessive number of these shops, and prayed that they might be reduced. On representations made, our late Deputy Commissioner closed some; and it is with satisfaction we note that the present head of the Abkari Department is making enquiries in a sympathetic spirit. Drunkenness and gambling are on the increase, and both lead to crime; and we hope the Department will see its way to reducing the temptations that now exist, not only to drunkenness and gambling, but to the subsequent theft of produce to liquidate such accounts.

But leaving, Sir, the narrow plank of our own interest and comfort, and standing on the broader platform of the people's welfare, we hope this question of the *too easy* procuring of intoxicating drinks will be earnestly considered by Government.

The great majority of the people of this country are not constitutionally fitted to indulge in alcohol. Down the ages, fathers have handed to sons bodies free from the spirit and uninoculated by use against its effects, and when it does grip them, it grips them tightly and hopelessly. India has a great reputation among the nations for soberness and temperance; these are great heritages and we who have adopted this land for our home, and its inhabitants for our brethren, we of the west, who have seen the evil effects of intemperance on many nations, hope that His Highness' Government will allow no consideration of revenue, no considerations *whatever*, to interfere with the further handing down of these great heritages.

Any measures taken for the preservation of these qualities among the people of this State, who live in *Swadeshi*, and enjoy *Swaraj*, will have the surest foundation for success; for they will be, if not too long delayed, "broad-based upon the people's will."

C. DANVERS,
Delegate.

III.

To

V. P. MADHAVA RAO, Esq., C.I.E.,

Dewan of Mysore.

Sir,

Having been deputed by the South Mysore Planters' Association to attend the Dasara Durbar and the Mysore Representative Assembly, I esteem it both an honour and a pleasure to join in tendering through you most sincere congratulations on the completion of another year's successful administration of the Mysore State, coupled with every wish for its future welfare and for the continuance to His Highness the Maharaja, yourself and your colleagues those blessings of health and strength which are so essential for the discharge of the numerous duties and responsibilities that are associated with the Government of the country and the maintenance of the prosperity and contentment of its people.

I had lately the privilege of being selected to bring to your notice the very urgent necessity for railways in the Planting Districts, more particularly the early commencement of the Arsikere-Mangalore line that has already been surveyed at considerable cost twice and the prospects of which now as a paying concern since the establishment in Mysore of manganese, chrome and other industries, have been greatly enhanced. The expectations of this line have recently greatly improved as a sound commercial venture and one likely to add materially to the wealth of the country by giving it its natural outlet on the coast at Mangalore and also in increasing the resources of the districts through which it passes by inducing immigration and the cultivation of the large tracts of waste rice land in the malnad and the development of other industries and trades, not to omit the benefit the Planting Community, Mysorean and European, would derive from the cheapened transit of its produce to the coast and return loads of fertilizers and the hundred and one necessities required by a large industry. I need not dilate on this, as the matter was fully discussed at the last meeting of the U. P. A. S. I. in Bangalore, when cogent reasons were given for the necessity of the line, all of which I have no doubt your Government are already in possession of. Before concluding, I would venture to say that we shall welcome the commencement of the Nanjangud-Narsipur-Hassan-Arsikere line with a branch running through to Chikmagalur and Kadur, with the greatest pleasure and gratitude, and look forward to its early completion, as I believe His Highness' Government have full powers to raise funds for the construction of the same. This line would render the building of the Arsikere-Mangalore Railway more urgent than ever, in so much as a terminus at the coast for the despatch of the produce of the rich districts tapped by both railways and for the ores and mineral products, etc., from the new mines and centres of industry springing up would be of paramount importance to prevent a glut or the hampering of the business of miners, merchants and others in their not having a near and economical means of despatch to the coast. In conclusion may I venture to earnestly ask for the support and advocacy of your Government in the early construction of these much needed lines?

I have, &c.,

J. G. D. CRAWFORD.

IV.

To

V. P. MADHAVA RAO, Esq., c.i.e.,

Dewan of Mysore.

Sir,

On behalf of the Mahomedan community of the Mysore Province, I beg to congratulate the Government of His Highness the Maharaja on the financial prosperity of the State and upon the various measures of reform introduced by the Government during the past year.

We beg to thank His Highness the Maharaja for having established the Legislative Council and for having given a seat thereon to a Mahomedan Member.

In common with the other subjects of His Highness the Maharaja we beg to express our heartfelt gratitude for the abolition of the Halat.

We take this opportunity to thank you, Sir, for the privilege that has been accorded for the first time to some of our Anjumans to send a representative to this august Assembly.

In conclusion we beg your kind permission to thank His Highness' Government for the encouragement given to the Mahomedans and we are hopeful that our interests will be further fostered under your benign administration.

We respectfully beg to remain,
Sir,
Your most loyal subjects,
MUSSULMANS OF MYSORE.

Anjuman-e-Islamia,
Chikmagalur, Camp Mysore,
19th October 1907.

V

ಶ್ರೀಮೈಸೂರು ಸಂಸ್ಥಾನದ ದೀವಾನರವರಾದ ಮೆ॥ ರಾ॥ ಶ್ರೀ॥ ಮಾಧವರಾಯರವರ ಸಂನಿಧಾನದಲ್ಲಿ.

ಸಾಕಂ ಕಳತ್ರಸಹಜೈ ರ್ನಿಗವೋಕ್ತಮಾಯು ಶ್ರೀಕೃಷ್ಣಭೂಪರಿಬೃಢೋ ಲಭತಾಂ ನಯಜ್ಞೈಃ।
ಮೈಸೂರು ಪಾಲ್ಯತೇನವರತಂ ಸಭಿವೋತ್ತಮೈರ್ಯಾ ಜೀಯಾದಿಯಂ ಪರಿಷದಾಶಿಭಾನುತಾರಂ॥

ಲೀಲಯಾ ಕೃಷ್ಣನೃಪತೌ ದೋಷ್ಣಾ ಬಿಭ್ರತಿ ಮೇದಿನೀಂ।
ಭಜತೇ ಭುಜಗಾಧೀಶೋ ಭೋಗಿನಾಮಗ್ರಗಣ್ಯತಾಂ।
ಮಾಧವಂ ಮಂತ್ರಿಣಂ ವೀಕ್ಷ್ಯ ಪೃಥಿವೀಭರಣಕ್ಷಮಂ।
ಮಾಧವೋಮಾಧವಾ ತಾಸ್ತಃ ನಿದ್ರಾನರ್ತನಲಾಲಸಾ॥

ಕಳೆದ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ ಈ ಸಭೆಯ ಉಪನ್ಯಾಸದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಪ್ಪಣೆ ಕೊಡಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಆಡಳಿತದ ಬದಲಾವಣೆ ಮತ್ತು ಮಿತವ್ಯಯ ಮುಂತಾದುದು ಸಂಸ್ಥಾನಕ್ಕೆ ಮುಖ್ಯಕರ್ತವ್ಯವೆಂತ ಭಾವಿಸಿ ಆಗಲೆ ಆಚರಣೆಗೆ ತಂದು ತನ್ಮೂಲಕವಾಗಿ ಸಂಸ್ಥಾನಕ್ಕೆ ಉಂಟಾಗಿರುವ ಆದಾಯವನ್ನು ಕೇಳಿ ಸಂತೋಷಿಸುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಜನತಾಪ್ರತಿನಿಧಿಗಳೆಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ಈ ಬಳ್ಳಿಯ ಸಮಯ ದೊರಕಿದುದಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ತುಂಬಾ ಸಂತೋಷಪಡುತ್ತೇವೆ.

ಕಳೆದ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರತಿನಿಧಿಗಳು ಕೇಳಿದ ಅನೇಕ ವಿಷಯಗಳ ಅನುಕೂಲ ಪ್ರತಿಕೂಲಗಳ ಪರಿಶೀಲನೆಯಿಂದ ಒಡನೆ ಜವಾಬ್ ಅಪ್ಪಣೆಕೊಡಿಸಿ ಆ ಪೈಕಿ ಕೆಲವು ಆಯಾ ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ಅಧಿಪತಿಗಳದ್ವಾರ ಕ್ರಮವಹಿಸಿದುದಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಎಲ್ಲರೂ ಕೃತಜ್ಞತೆಯೊಡನೆ ಇರುವೆವಲ್ಲದೆ, ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆಯಾಗದೆ ಇರತಕ್ಕವುಗಳನ್ನು ಸಹ ಆಯಾ ಸಬ್ಜೆಕ್ಟಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಅಪ್ಪಣೆಕೊಡಿಸಿರುವವೀರೆಗೆ ಕೂಡಿದ ತ್ವರ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥೆಮಾಡಿಸಿಕೊಡತಕ್ಕದ್ದರಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವ ಸಂಶಯವೂ ಇಲ್ಲವೆಂತ ದೃಢವಾಗಿ ನಂಬಿದೇವೆ.

ಈಚೆಗೆ ಸ್ಕೂಲ್ ಮಾಸ್ಟರ ತಲಬನ್ನು ೧ ರೂಪಾಯಿನಿಂದ ಹೆಚ್ಚಿಸಿದುದರಿಂದ ಸ್ವಲ್ಪಮಟ್ಟಿಗಾದರೂ ಪ್ರೋತ್ಸಾಹ ಉಂಟಾದುದಕ್ಕೆ ಎಲ್ಲರೂ ಕೃತಜ್ಞರಾಗಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಅಲ್ಲದೆ ಗತಸಾಲಿನಲ್ಲಿ 251ನೆ ಸಬ್ಜೆಕ್ಟಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರತಿನಿಧಿಗಳು ಕೇಳಿಕೊಂಡಂತೆ ಅವರವರ ಯೋಗ್ಯತಾನುಸಾರ ಅಂದರೆ ಲೋವರ್ ಅಪ್ಪರ್ ಸೆಕಂಡರಿ ಮತ್ತು ಪಂಡಿತ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟವರಿಗೆ ದರ್ಜಾವಾರ್ ಸಂಬಳವೂ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಮಾಡಿಸಿ ಕೊಡಬೇಕೆಂಬ ಅಂಶವನ್ನು ಈ ಸಾರಿಯೂ ಸೂಚಿಸಬೇಕೆಂತ ತಮ್ಮ ಅವೋಧವಾದ ಉದಾರಭಾವವು ಪ್ರೇರೇಪಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

ಮೈಸೂರು ಸೀಮೆಯ ಪ್ರಜೆಗಳು ತಮ್ಮ ವೃದ್ಧಿಗೆ ಸಾಧಕವಾದ ಕೃಷಿ ವಾಣಿಜ್ಯ ಶಿಲ್ಪ ಮೊದಲಾದವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಮುಂದಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದರೆ ಅದು ತಮಗೆ ಪರಮಲಾಭವೆಂದು ಭಾವಿಸಿರುವೆ ನಮ್ಮ ಶ್ರೀಮನ್ಮಹಾರಾಜರವರ ಮತ್ತು ಅವರ ಗೌರ್ನಮೆಂಟಿನವರ ಉದ್ದೇಶವನ್ನು ಸಫಲಗೊಳಿಸಿದ ಉದ್ಯೋಗಸ್ಥರ ಪರಿಶ್ರಮದಿಂದ ಸಿದ್ಧಮಾಡಲ್ಪಟ್ಟ ಮೈಸೂರು ದಸರಾ ಕೈಗಾರಿಕೆಯ ಮತ್ತು ಬೇಸಾಯದ ವಸ್ತು ಪ್ರದರ್ಶನ ಮಹೋತ್ಸವವು ನಮ್ಮ ಶ್ರೀಮನ್ಮಹಾರಾಜರವರಿಂದ ಈ ವರ್ಷ ಪ್ರಾಥಮಿಕವಾಗಿ ಆರಂಭಿಸಲ್ಪಟ್ಟುದು ಎಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ಅತ್ಯಂತ ನೇತ್ರಾನಂದಕರವಾಗಿಯೂ ಈ ಮೂಲಕ ಉತ್ತರೋತ್ತರವೂ ಇತರಕಡೆಯಂತೆ ಪ್ರಜೆಗಳೆ ತಾವಾಗಿಯೇ ಇಂಥಾ ಪ್ರದರ್ಶನವನ್ನು ಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಬಳ್ಳಿಯೇ ಪ್ರೋತ್ಸಾಹಮಾಡಿದಂತೆಯೂ ಆದ ಇಂಥಾ ಏರ್ಪಾಡನ್ನು ಉಂಟುಮಾಡಿಕೊಟ್ಟ ನಮ್ಮ ಗೌರ್ನಮೆಂಟಿನವರಿಗೆ ಪುನಃ ವಂದನೆಯನ್ನು ಅರ್ಪಿಸುತ್ತೇವೆ.

ಶ್ರೀಮನ್ಮಹಾರಾಜರವರ ಸವಾರಿಯು ತಿರುಮಕೂಡ್ಲು ನರಸೀಪುರಕ್ಕೆ ದಯಮಾಡಿಸಿರುವಾಗ ಕಾವೇರೀ ಕಪಿಲಾ ನದಿಗೆ ಸೇತುವೆ ಇಲ್ಲದೆ ಇರುವುದರಿಂದ ತುಂಬಾ ಅನಾನುಕೂಲಗಳನ್ನು ಶ್ರುತ ಪಡಿಸಿದುದಕ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಕೃತ ಬಂದಾಗ ಇದನ್ನು ಮುಖ್ಯವಿಷಯವಾಗಿ ಎಣಿಸುವುದಾಗಿ ಅಪ್ಪಣೆಯಾಗಿತ್ತು. ಈ ಅಂಶವನ್ನು ಶ್ರೀಮನ್ಮಹಾರಾಜರವರಲ್ಲಿ ಅರಿಕೆಮಾಡಿ ಈ ಕಾರ್ಯವನ್ನು ನೆರವೇರಿಸಿ ತನ್ಮೂಲಕ ಯಶಸ್ಸನ್ನು ಅಚಂದ್ರಾರ್ಕವಾಗಿ ಹೊಂದಬೇಕೆಂತ ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥಿಸುತ್ತೇವೆ. ಪ್ರಕೃತದಲ್ಲಿ ಭಾರೀಖರ್ಚುಬಾಬಾಗಿ ತೋರಬಹುದಾದರೂ ಬಂದು ವಿಧವಾದ ಸುಂಕವನ್ನು ಏರ್ಪಾಡು ಮಾಡುವುದರಮೂಲಕ ಸಂಸ್ಥಾನಕ್ಕೆ ಭಾರೀ ಆದಾಯದ ಬಾಬಾಗಿ ಪರಿಣಮಿಸುವುದರಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವ ಸಂಶಯವೂ ಇಲ್ಲವೆಂಬಂಶವನ್ನು ಅರಿಕೆಮಾಡುತ್ತೇವೆ.

ಈಚೆಗೆ ಸರ್ವೆ ಮಾಡಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಚಿಕ್ಕದೇವರಾಜಸಾಗರದ ನಾಲೆಯು ಒಡಾವಣೆಯಿಂದ ಶಿವನಸಮುದ್ರದ ಜಲಪತನಕ್ಕೆ ನೀರು ಸಂಬರಾಯಿ ಮಾಡುವುದನ್ನು ಖಾಯಂ ಮಾಡಿಸಿದರೆ ಸರ್ಕಾರಕ್ಕೆ ತುಂಬಾ ಆದಾಯಕರವೆಂತಲೂ, ಪೈಂಬ್‌ರಾಕ್ಸ್ ಸಬ್ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕನ್ನು ವಜಾಮಾಡಿ ಹಾಲಿ ಶ್ರೀರಂಗಪಟ್ಟಣದ ಛಾರ್ಜಿನಲ್ಲಿರುವುದನ್ನು ಅಲ್ಲೇ ಖಾಯಂಮಾಡಿಸಿ ಕೊಡಬೇಕೆಂತಲೂ ಸಹಾ ವಿನಯಪೂರ್ವಕವಾಗಿ ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥಿಸುತ್ತೇವೆ.

ವಿಷ್ಣುರ್ವ್ಯಾಪಕತಾಂ ದಧಾತು ನಿತರಾಮೈಶ್ವರ್ಯಮೀಶೋಗಿರೇ ಸ್ತ್ರೀಜಣ್ಡಂಕರ ಸ್ತನೋತು ಬಹುಧಾ ಶಕ್ತಿಶ್ಚ ಶಕ್ತಿಂ ಪರಾಂ ॥ ವಿಘ್ನಂ ವಿಘ್ನಕರೋ ಹರತ್ವವಿರತಂ ಶ್ರೀಕೃಷ್ಣಪೃಥ್ವೀಪತೇಃ ಶ್ರೀಮನ್ನಾಥವಮಂತ್ರಿಣೋಸ್ತು ಶುಭದಾ ದೇಶಸ್ಯ ಚೈಷಾ ಸಭಾ ॥

ನೃಸಿಹ್ಮಪುರವಾಸ್ತವ್ಯಪ್ರಜಾಪ್ರತಿನಿಧಿಸ್ತ್ವಮುಂ ।
ವ್ಯಲಿಖದ್ರಂಗನಾಥೋಯಮಭಿನಂದನಪತ್ರಿಕಾಂ ॥

ರಂಗಾಚಾರ್ಯಃ,
ಪ್ರತಿನಿಧಿಃ.
ತಿರುಮಕೂಡ್ಲು ನರಸೀಪುರ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು.

VI.

DEWAN'S REPLY TO ADDRESSES.

I thank you, gentlemen, for the addresses which you have just read on behalf of the interests you represent and for the complimentary terms in which you refer to the administration of the State during the past year.

I shall not detain you by going into the details of the various matters to which you have drawn my attention, and I need only say that all of them will be carefully considered by the Government along with the various other representations which we have met to discuss and consider at this Session of the Assembly.

Once more, gentlemen, I thank you for your addresses.

VII.

To

V. P. MADHAVA RAO, ESQ., C.I.E.,

Dewan of Mysore.

May it please Your Excellency,

The undermentioned members of the Representative Assembly for the year 1907 respectfully beg to express their gratitude to His Highness the Maharaja for the many and various acts of gracious concession for ameliorating the condition of His Highness' subjects. Among such beneficent acts are :—

(1) The abolition of the Halat.

(2) The establishment of the Legislative Council.

(3) The impetus given to education in general and primary education in particular.

(4) The encouragement accorded to Co-operative Societies in the State.

(5) The institution of annual Industrial and Agricultural Exhibitions.

(6) The constitution and organization of Provincial and Metropolitan Health and Veterinary Departments.

(7) Last, though not least, the gracious public recognition of the usefulness of the Representative Assembly.

His Highness' subjects gratefully acknowledge the importance of the assurances graciously given by His Highness and his Government for broadening the base of the Administration by the admission of the non-official portion of His Highness' subjects to a share in it. While His Highness' subjects readily admit that reforms in this direction ought to be slow and cautious, they are sanguine that as the necessary result of the progressive policy of His Highness' enlightened Government, of the educative influence which in various ways His Highness has been spreading among his subjects, and above all, the affectionate solicitude which His Highness entertains to promote the best interests of his subjects, before long, the elective principle which has been working satisfactorily in the Municipal, District and Taluk Boards, will be extended to the Legislative Council and the usefulness and activities of the Representative Assembly enhanced and extended.

The Representatives here assembled respectfully beg Your Excellency to convey to His Highness the Maharaja their loyal and sincere acknowledgments not only for the favors already bestowed but also for the hopes graciously held out.

MYSORE,
October 1907.

They beg to remain,

Your most obedient servants.

(*Vide* list annexed.)

V. Rangaswamaiengar	of	Seringapatam.
L. Narasimhachar	,,	Chamrajnagar.
K. Nanjunda Setti	,,	Seringapatam.
Shamiengar	,,	Chamrajnagar.
Venkataramaiya	,,	Hassan.
Lakshminaranappa	,,	Chitaldrug
A. Narasimhiengar	,,	Shimoga.
Jahgirdar Madappa	,,	Mysore.
C. Rasul Khan	,,	Chikmagalur.
H. P. Ramaswami Iyengar	,,	Do
B. Appajaiya	,,	Bangalore.
Rangachar	,,	T.-Narsipur.
Seshachala Jois	,,	Bannur.
E. Rama Rao	,,	Nanjangud.
Venkoba Rao	,,	Hole-Narsipur.
Venkatachar	,,	Do
Linge Gowda	,,	Mysore
G. Ramaswami Iyengar	,,	Hassan.
Ramaswami Mudaliar	,,	Closepet.
Srinivasa Rao	,,	Pavagada.
Ramaswamaiya	,,	Tumkur.
Ajjappa	,,	Challakere.
Channabasappa Gowda	,,	Nagar.
Krishnachar	,,	Seringapatam.
M. C. Rangiengar	,,	Mysore.
B. Narasinga Rao	,,	Do
S. R. Balakrishna Rao	,,	Shimoga.
Chennakesava Rao	,,	Koppa.
Venkatasamaiya	,,	Chamrajnagar.
B. Ranganna	,,	Kadur.
S. Sitaram Kulkarni	,,	Harihar.
Shamiengar	,,	Kunigal.
Mudvira Setti	,,	Closepet.
Patel Chennalingappa	,,	Nelamangala.
C. Naraharaiya	,,	Do
Karigiriyappa	,,	Dodballapur.
Sondekoppa Dasappa	,,	Bangalore.
Seenappa	,,	Hoskote.
W. C. Petrie Hay	,,	Hunsur.
Thiruvengadasami Mudaliar	,,	Do

VIII

ಶ್ರೀ.

ಲಭ್ಯಶ್ರೀ ರಾ" ರಾ"

ಮೈಸೂರು ಸಂಸ್ಥಾನದ ದೀರ್ವಾನಸಾಹೇಬ್ ಬಹದೂರ್ ವಿ. ಟಿ. ಮಾಧವರಾವ್,
ಸಿ. ಐ. ಇ., ಯವರ ಸನ್ನಿಧಾನಂಗಳಲ್ಲಿ—

ಶಿವಮೊಗ್ಗ ಡಿಸ್ಟ್ರಿಕ್ಟಿನ ಪ್ರಜಾಪ್ರತಿನಿಧಿಸಭೆಯ ಮೆಂಬರುಗಳು ಈ ಮೂಲಕ ವಿನಯಪೂರ್ವಕವಾಗಿ ವಿಜ್ಞಾಪನೆ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದೇನಂದರೆ:—

೧. ಈ ಸಭಾಸದರುಗಳಿಗೆಲ್ಲ ಚರ್ಚೆಯಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾಕಾದಷ್ಟು ವ್ಯವಧಾನವನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟು ಇವರು ಚರ್ಚಿಸುವ ಅಂಶಗಳನ್ನು ವಿಶ್ವಾಸದಿಂದಲೂ ಸಮಾಧಾನಚಿತ್ತದಿಂದಲೂ ಕೇಳಿದುದಕ್ಕೆಲ್ಲ ನಾವು ಬಹಳ ಕೃತಜ್ಞರಾಗಿರುತ್ತೇವೆ.

೨. ಈ ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧವಾದ ಸಂಸ್ಥಾನದ ದೀರ್ವಾ ಪದವಿಯನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿದನಂತರ ನಮ್ಮಗಳಿಗಾದ ಪ್ರಜಾಪ್ರಯೋಜನಾರ್ಥಕ ಕಾರ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಮುಖ್ಯವಾದುದು ಅಡಿಕೆ ಹಾಸಲು ನಿವೃತ್ತಿ ಆದುದೆಂಬುವದನ್ನು ಹೇಳಲು ಅವಶ್ಯಕವಿಲ್ಲ. ಇದರಿಂದ ಅಡಿಕೆ ಬೆಳೆಯುವವರಿಗೆ ನಮ್ಮ ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಉಚಿತವಾಗಿ ಪ್ರತಿವರ್ಷವೂ $3\frac{1}{2}$ ಹತ್ತು ರೂಪಾಯಿ ಕೊಟ್ಟಂತೆ ಆಯಿತು. ಈ ಉಪಕಾರವನ್ನು ಪ್ರಜೆಗಳು ಶಾಶ್ವತವಾಗಿ ಸ್ಮರಿಸುತ್ತಲಿರುವೆವು. ಮಹಾಸ್ವಾಮಿ.

೩. ಶಿವಮೊಗ್ಗ ಪಟ್ಟಣವು ವರ್ಷೆ ವರ್ಷೆ ಪ್ಲೇಗ್ ಮೊದಲಾದ ಉಪದ್ರವದಿಂದ ಬಹಳ ಪೀಡಿತವಾಗಿ ಜನಗಳು ಲಯವಾಗುತ್ತಿರುವುದು ಸನ್ನಿಧಾನಕ್ಕೆ ವೇದ್ಯವೇ ಇದೆ. ಇದರ ಹಿಂಸೆಯನ್ನು ಹೋಗಲಾಡಿಸಲು ಸರ್ಕಾರದವರು ಡ್ರೇನೇಜ್—ನೀರಿನಸರಬರಾಯಿ—ಗ್ರಾಮ ಬಡಾವಣೆ ಮಾಡುವದು—ಹಳೇ ಗ್ರಾಮದಲ್ಲಿ ನಿಬಿಡವಾಗಿರುವ ಸ್ಥಳಗಳನ್ನು ವಿಶಾಲವಾಗುವಂತೆ ಏರ್ಪಡಿಸುವ ಕಾರ್ಯಭಾಗಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾಡುವ ತರದೂದಿನಲ್ಲಿರುವುದನ್ನು ಕೇಳಿ ಬಹಳ ಸಂತೋಷಪಡುತ್ತೇವೆ. ಈ ಏರ್ಪಾಟುಗಳನ್ನು ಕ್ಷಿಪ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ನೆರವೇರಿಸಿ ತನ್ಮೂಲಕ ನಮ್ಮ ಪಟ್ಟಣದ ಆರೋಗ್ಯಸ್ಥಿತಿಯನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ವೃದ್ಧಿಯನ್ನು ಶಾಶ್ವತಗೊಳಿಸಿ ಶ್ರೇಯಸ್ಸನ್ನು ಪಡೆಯಬೇಕೆಂದು ಬಹು ವಿನಯಪೂರ್ವಕವಾಗಿ ಬೇಡುತ್ತೇವೆ.

೪. ಸರ್ವಚೈತನ್ಯ ಸ್ವರೂಪನಾದ ಶ್ರೀ ದೇವರು ತಮಗೆ ಆಯುರಾರೋಗ್ಯಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟು, ಐಶ್ವರ್ಯವನ್ನು ವೃದ್ಧಿಸಿ ಕಾಪಾಡಲೆಂದು ಸರ್ವದಾ ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥಿಸುತ್ತೇವೆ.

S. R. BALAKRISHNA RAO,
ಶ್ರೀನಿವಾಸರೀಕ್ಷಿತ,
ಹರಕೇರಿ ರಾಮಪ್ಪ,
G. H. BHAVANI RAO.
ದೇವಪ್ಪ, ಶಿಕಾರಿಪುರ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು.

IX

ಶ್ರೀಮನ್ಮಹಾರಾಜಕೃಷ್ಣರಾಜಸಾರ್ವಭೌಮಾಲಂಕಾರಸಿಂಹಾಸನಾಸ್ಥಾನಶ್ರೀಮದ್ಧೀಶ್ವರಸಂಸ್ಥಾನ
ಕಾರ್ಯನಿರ್ವಾಹಕಾಮಾತ್ಯಪದತೇಜಃಪುಂಜ ಖೈನವೆನ್ನೈದಿದ ವಿ. ಪಿ. ಮಾಧವರಾವ್,
ಸಿ. ಐ. ಇ., ಸ್ವಾಮಿಯವರ ದಿವ್ಯಸನ್ನಿಧಾನದಲ್ಲಿ :—

ಹರಿಹರ ಸಬ್ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಮತ್ತು ಪುರನಿವಾಸಿಗಳು ಭಯಭಕ್ತಿಪೂರ್ವಕವಾಗಿ ವಿಜ್ಞಾಪಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದೇನಂದರೆ:—

ಸ್ವಾಮಿಯವರು ಈ ಉನ್ನತ ಪದವಿಗೆ ದಯಮೊಡಿದೀಚೆಗೆ ಅಂದರೆ ಅತ್ಯಲ್ಪಕಾಲದೊಳೀರ್ಪಟ್ಟರ್ಪ ಅನೇಕ ಸದುಪಾಯರಾಜಕೀಯಭಾಗಂಗಳೂ ಮತ್ತು ಶ್ರೀಮನ್ ಮಹಾರಾಜರವರ ಇಷ್ಟಾನುಸಾರ ಚತುರತೆಯಿಂ ನಡೆಸಿರ್ಪ ಅನೇಕ ರಾಜಕಾರ್ಯಂಗಳೂ, ಅಸದೃಶಬುದ್ಧಿಯ ಸ್ಥಾನವೆಂಬುದನ್ನು ಅತ್ಯಂತ ಹರ್ಷಪೂರ್ವಕವಾಗಿ ಬಿನ್ನೈಸುವಂತೆ ಪ್ರೇರಿಸುತ್ತವೆ.

ಸ್ವಾಮಿಯವರು 30 ವರ್ಷಗಳಿಗಿಂತ ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗಿ ಈ ಸಂಸ್ಥಾನದಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲಸಮಾಡಿ ಅನೇಕವಿಧವಾಗಿ ಸಂಸ್ಥಾನದ ಆಡಳಿತಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಜನೋಪಕಾರವಾದ ಏರ್ಪಾಡುಗಳನ್ನೆಲ್ಲಾ ಕಲ್ಪಿಸಿ ಅಶೇಷ ಪ್ರಜೆಗಳ ಕೃತಜ್ಞತೆಗೆ ಪಾತ್ರರಾಗಿರುವೆ ಅಂಶವು ಸರ್ವತ್ರ ಹೃದ್ಗೋಚರವಾಗಿಯೇ ಇದೆ.

ಹರಿಹರದಲ್ಲಿ ಜನರ ಅನುಕೂಲಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ಕಲ್ಪಿಸಿಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವೆ ಹೊಸ ಛತ್ರ, ನೂತನವಾದ ನಮೂನೆಯಿಂದ ಕಟ್ಟಲ್ಪಟ್ಟ ಕಛೇರಿ, ಜೀವನಕ್ಕೆ ಆಧಾರವಾದ ತುಂಗಭದ್ರಾ ನದಿಯಿಂದ ನಲ್ಲಿಗಳ ಮೂಲಕ ನೀರಿನ ಸರಬರಾಯಿಗೋಸ್ಕರ 17,790 ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳು, ಚಾಲ್ತಿ ಖರ್ಚಿಗೆ ಸಾಲಿಯಾನ 1,500 ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳನ್ನು ಲೋಕಲ್‌ಫಂಡ್ ಜನರಲ್‌ನಿಂದ ಕೊಡುವ ಬಗ್ಯೂ ಚಿಲಂಗೆರೆ ಹಳ್ಳವನ್ನು ಗ್ರಾಮದ ಹೊರಗೆ ತಿರುಗಿಸುವುದಕ್ಕೆ 907 ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ಶ್ರೀ ಹರಿಹರೇಶ್ವರ ಸ್ವಾಮಿಯ ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನದ ರಿಪೇರಿಗಾಗಿ 2,000 ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳನ್ನು ಸ್ಯಾಂಕ್ಷನ್ ಮಾಡಿರುವಿಕೆ—ಇವೇ ಮುಂತಾದ ಸಹಾಯಸಂಪತ್ತಿಗಳಿಗಾಗಿ ನಮ್ಮನ್ನು ಚುನಾಯಿಸಿರುವ ಓಟರ್ಸ್ ಯಾನೆ ಜನಗಳ ಕುತೂಹಲದಂತೆ ಸನ್ನಿಧಾನದಲ್ಲಿ ಕೃತಜ್ಞತಾಪೂರ್ವಕವಾದ ವಂದನೆಗಳನ್ನು ಅರ್ಪಿಸುತ್ತೇವೆ.

ಸ್ಥಳಮಹಾತ್ಮೆಯಿಂದಲೂ ಈ ಡಿಸ್ಟ್ರಿಕ್ಟಿನ 2–3 ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕುಗಳಿಗಿಂತ ಹೆಚ್ಚಾದ ಸುವರ್ಣಾದಾಯವಿರುವುದರಿಂದಲೂ ಸಬ್ ಟ್ರೆಜರಿ ಇಡುವ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯವು ಗವರ್ನಮೆಂಟಿನವರಿಗೆ ಉಂಟಾಗಿ ಕ್ಷಿಪ್ರದಲ್ಲಿಯೇ ಸಬ್ ಟ್ರೆಜರಿಯನ್ನು ಏರ್ಪಡಿಸಿ ಕೊಡಬೇಕೆಂದು ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥಿಸುತ್ತೇವೆ.

ಇದು ಪೂರ್ವದಲ್ಲಿ ಲಷ್ಕರ್ ಮತ್ತು ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಕಛೇರಿಗಳಿಂದ ಅತ್ಯುನ್ನತಸ್ಥಿತಿಯಲ್ಲಿದ್ದು ತತ್ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಅವುಗಳು ಲುಪ್ತವಾಗಿ ಟವ್ನ್ ಸ್ಥಿತಿಯು ಹ್ರಾಸವಾಗುತ್ತಾ ಬಂದಿರುವುದರಿಂದಲೂ ಈ ಸ್ಥಳವು ಬೊಂಬಾಯಿ ಮತ್ತು ಮದರಾಸ್ ಪ್ರೆಸಿಡೆನ್ಸಿಗಳ ಎಲ್ಲೆಕಟ್ಟಿನಲ್ಲಿರುವುದರಿಂದಲೂ ಇಲ್ಲಿನ ಬಹುಸಂಖ್ಯೆಯುಳ್ಳ ನೆಯಿಗೆ ಕೆಲಸದವರಿಗೆ ತಕ್ಕ ಪ್ರೋತ್ಸಾಹವಿಲ್ಲದೆ ಅವರುಗಳ ಸ್ಥಿತಿಯು ಕೇವಲ ಶೋಚನೀಯವಾಗಿ ಪರಿಣಮಿಸಿರುವುದರಿಂದಲೂ, ಮೊಳಕಾಲ್ಮೂರು, ಚಿಕ್ಕನಾಯಕನಹಳ್ಳಿ, ದೊಡ್ಡಬಳ್ಳಾಪುರ ಮುಂತಾದ ಸ್ಥಳಗಳಲ್ಲಿರುವಂತೆ ಈ ಟವೆನಿನಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ನೆಯಿಗೆ ಕೈಗಾರಿಕೆ ಸ್ಕೂಲನ್ನು ಸ್ಥಾಪಿಸಿ ಆ ಮೂಲಕ ಸ್ವಾಮಿಯವರ ಕೀರ್ತಿಯು ಅಚಂದ್ರಾರ್ಕಸ್ಥಾಯಿಯಾದೀತೆಂದು ಹಾರೈಸುತ್ತೇವೆ.

ಸ್ವಾಮಿಯವರ ಅಧಿಪತ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಸರ್ವ ಪ್ರಜೆಗಳು ಅವಿಚ್ಛಿನ್ನವಾದ ಆನಂದದಲ್ಲಿರುತ್ತಾರಾಗಿ ಇದೇ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಮ್ಮುಗಳಿಗೆ ಸರ್ವದಾ ಅನುಕೂಲಿಸುವಂತೆ ಮಾಡಲು ಶ್ರೀ ಹರಿಹರೇಶ್ವರನು ಸ್ವಾಮಿಯವರಿಗೆ ಚಿರಾಯುವಂ, ಆರೋಗ್ಯವಂ, ಹೇರಳಶಕ್ತಿಯಂ, ಇತ್ತು ರಕ್ಷಿಸಲೆಂದು ಅನವರತ ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥಿಸುತ್ತೇವೆ.

ಇತಿ ವಿಶ್ವಾಸಪವಿತ್ರರಾಜಭಕ್ತಿಯುಳ್ಳ ಹರಿಹರ ಸಬ್ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಪ್ರಜಾಪ್ರತಿನಿಧಿ ಶ್ರೀನಿವಾಸ ಸೀತಾರಾಮ ಕುಲಕರಣಿ, ರಟ್ಟಿಹಳ್ಳಿ ಗೋವಿಂದಪ್ಪ, ಹರಿಹರ ಮುನಿಸಿಪಲ್ ಬೋರ್ಡು ಮೆಂಬರು.